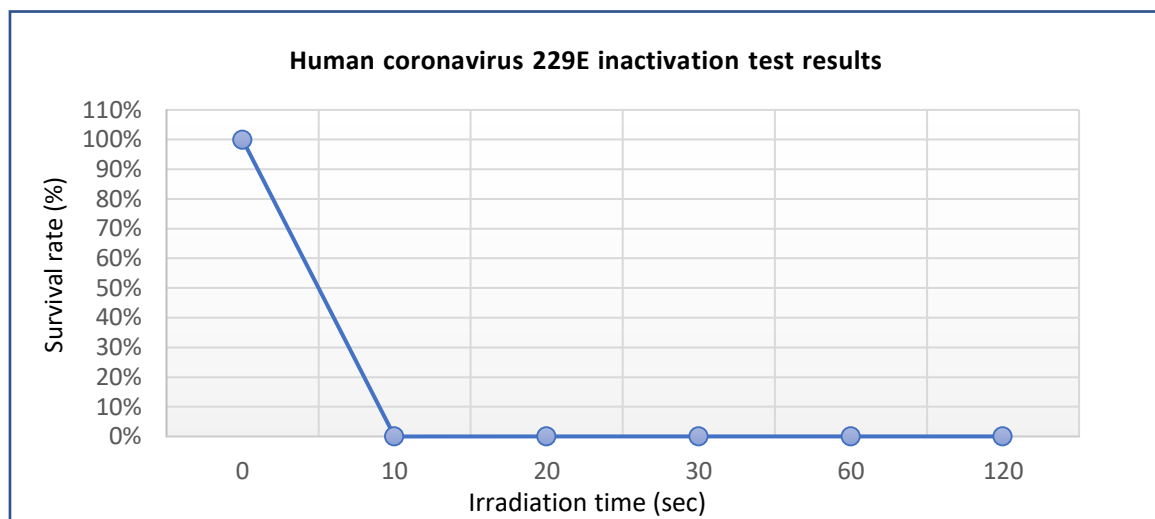


UV light exposure test using a human coronavirus (HCoV-229E)

- Conducted: June 26, 2020
- Conductor: Biomedical Science Association (certified NPO in Japan)
- Light source used: Deep UV LED light modules from Toyoda Gosei Co., Ltd.
- Virus used: Human Coronavirus 229E (ATCC VR-740)
- Cell used: MRC-5 lung fibroblasts (ATCC 171)
- Test method:
 1. Preparation of specimens
Standard plates coated with viral fluid were prepared
 2. Experiment
The specimens were irradiated with deep UV light in a safety cabinet
A cell contact test was performed immediately after irradiation,
and the viral load in the culture supernatant was measured after six days
- Test results: UV irradiation caused a decrease of more than 10^4 in TCID₅₀,
and viral inactivation within 10 sec was confirmed



Level	Time (sec)	TCID ₅₀ /ml equivalent	Survival rate (%)
280 nm@350mA Central illuminance: 2.6 mW/cm ² (distance 50 mm)	0	7.9×10^5	100.0000%
	10	1.4×10^1	0.0018%
	20	4.5×10^1	0.0057%
	30	7.9×10^1	0.0100%
	60	4.5×10^1	0.0057%
	120	4.5×10^1	0.0057%

Under the limit
of detection

■ Experimental setup:

